

The background is a grayscale illustration depicting various remote sensing methods for marine litter detection. It includes a satellite in orbit, a fixed-wing aircraft, a drone, and a research vessel equipped with a towed sensor system. Beams of light from these platforms converge on a coastal area where marine litter is visible on the beach and in the water.

TASK FORCE ON REMOTE SENSING OF MARINE LITTER AND DEBRIS

Overview

Shungu Garaba
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COMMITTEE
MEETING 25

04 May 2021

The problem

Plastics of all sizes

Laurent Lebreton



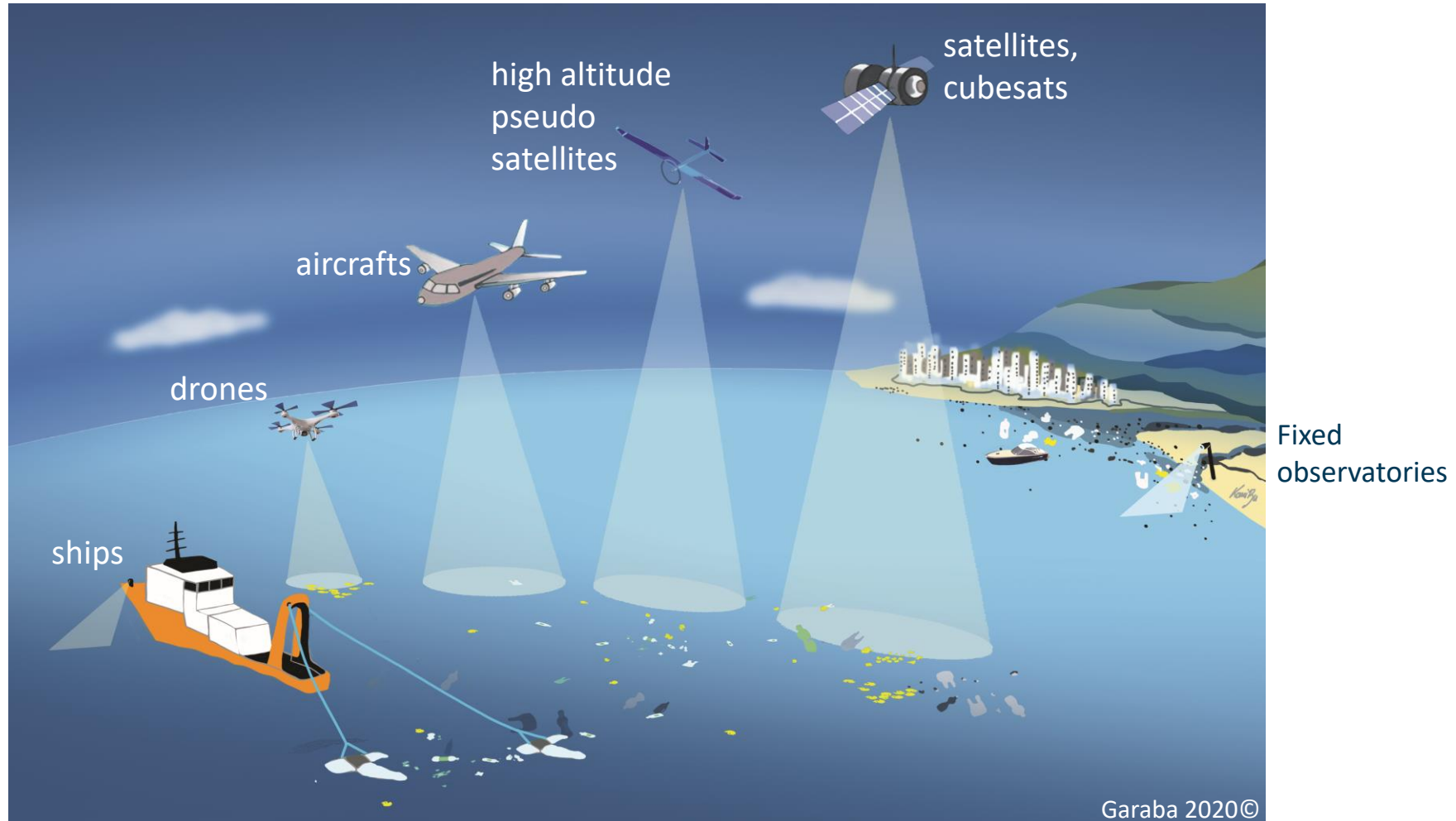
Microplastic beaching event in Kailua in Hawaii, USA.



Floating packaging waste in Cambodia Sihanoukville.
Courtesy of Grace Smith, Klaus Sattler and KCC



Technologies of Interest in sensing Marine Litter and Debris



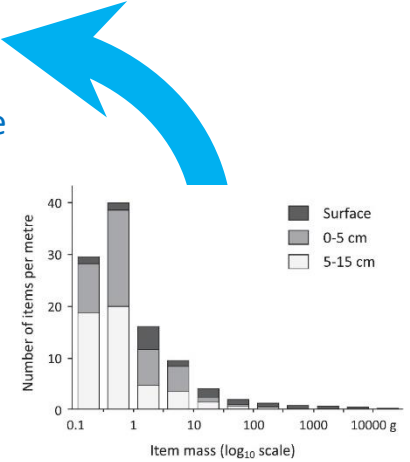
Introduction

Stakeholder Expected Capabilities

- These technologies have prospects in supporting **scientific evidence-based** approaches to **detect, identify, quantify** and **track** floating plastic litter.



Track
Fixed platforms or geostationary, daily imagery utilizing the detection and identification algorithms.

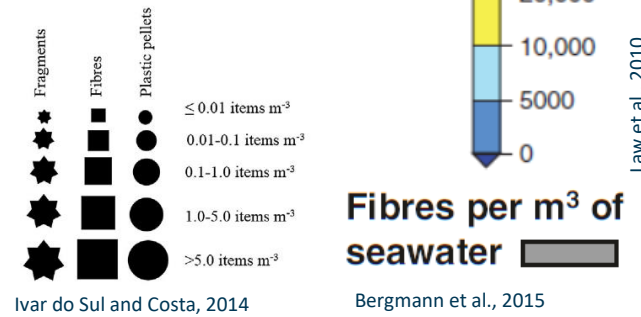


Detect
Object identification algorithms using the shape, colour, size and form descriptors in RGB true colour images.

Identify (Distinguish)
FTIR, Raman, SWIR and thermal infrared to determine polymer types.



Quantify
Actual counts, pixel coverage, area coverage

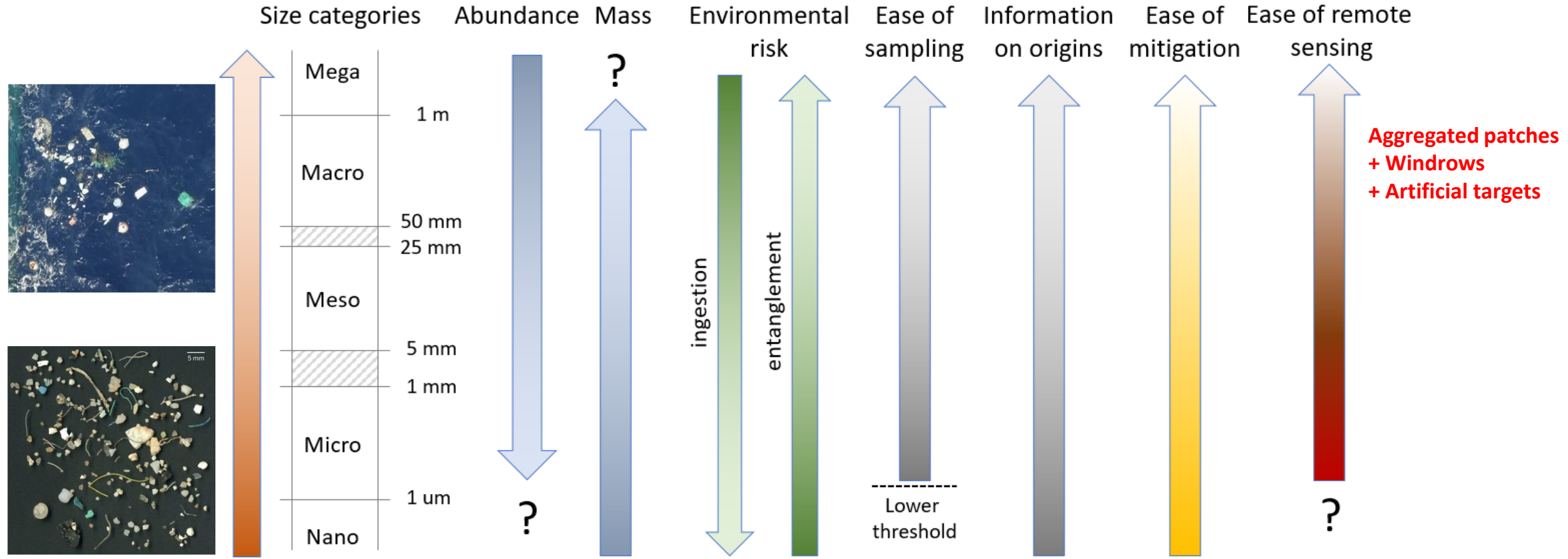


<https://www.acmeplastics.com/content/your-guide-to-plastic-recycling-symbols/>

Introduction

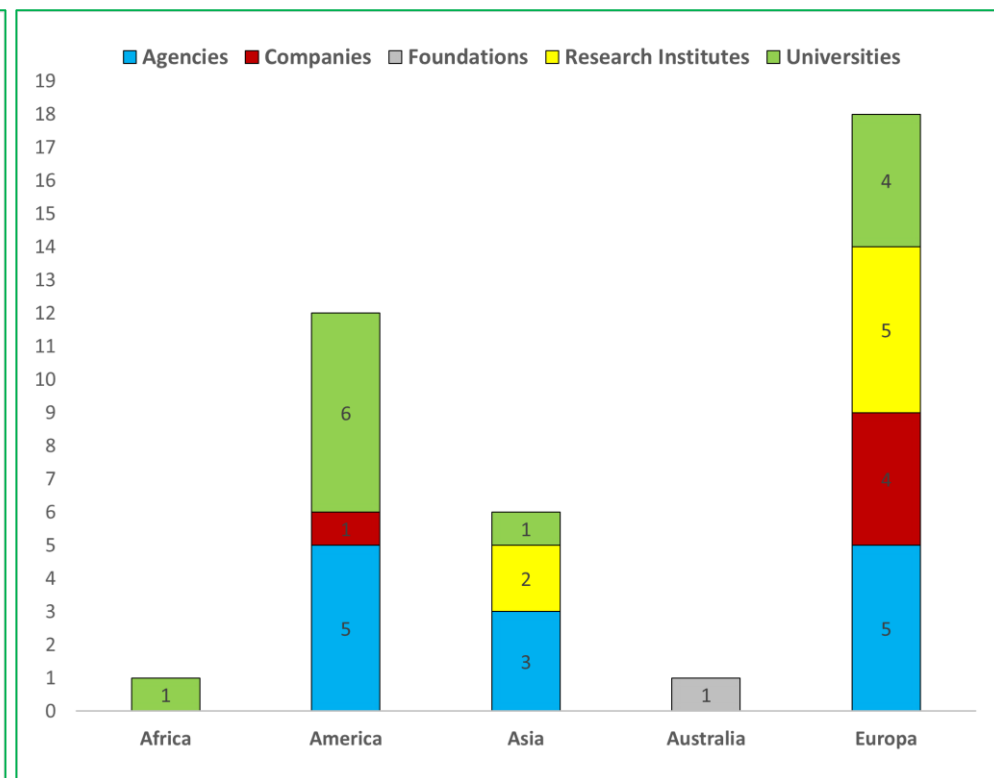
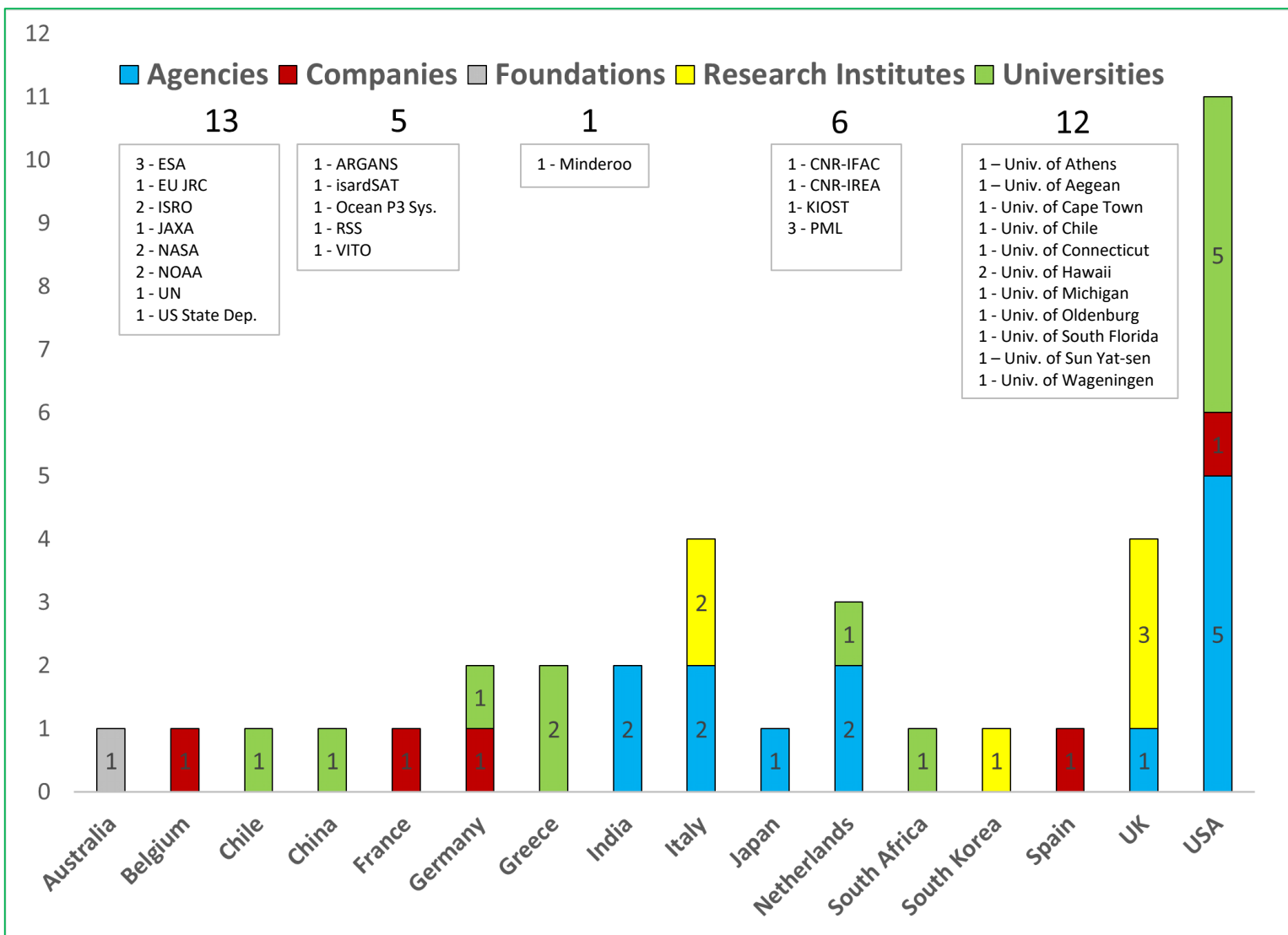
What size class of plastics can we see from these technologies

- Factors to consider as proposed by Ryan et al. (2020).

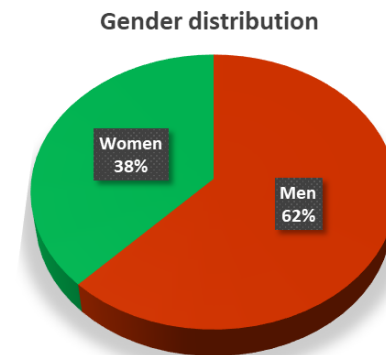


Modified after Ryan et al., 2020

Task Force Composition



37 Members in total
 5 co-Chairs
 4 CT Coordinators
 29 CT members



<https://ioccg.org/co-chairs-rsml/>

Task Force Composition



Paolo Corradi

Agency Co-Chair
ESA



Laura Lorenzoni

Agency Co-Chair
NASA



Debashis Mitra

Agency Co-Chair
ISRO



Hiroshi Murakami

Agency Co-Chair
JAXA



Shungu Garaba

Scientific Co-Chair
CT3 Coordinator
Univ. of Oldenburg



Task Force primary goal will be to **coordinate** the advancement of current and future remote sensing technologies and techniques that have potential to provide observations of plastic litter over all aquatic environments.

Task Force Composition



Manuel Arias
CT2 Coordinator
ARGANS



Lauren Biermann
CT4 Coordinator
PML



Francois-Régis Martin-Lauzer
Founding Member
ARGANS

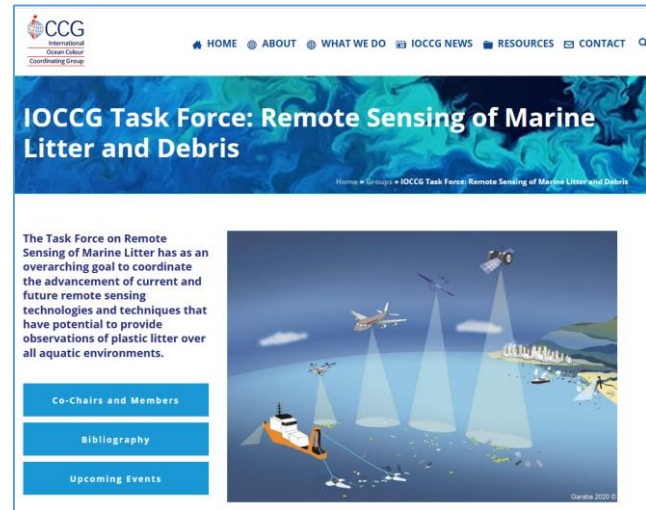


Victor Martinez-Vicente
CT1 Coordinator
PML



Task Force Progress

<https://ioccg.org/group/marine-litter-debris/>



**Big Thank
you to
Venetia!**

**April
2021**

First Bi-monthly Committee Meeting on 20 April

- Co-Chairs + Coordinators + Founding members.
- Updates on Core Topic progress were provided.
- Date for first workshop was proposed 7-9 July 2021 week.

**February
2021**

Kick Off Meeting 18 February

- Website launched.
- Team members introduced.

**July
2021**

First Task Force Workshop

- 7-9 July 2021 week.
- Steering committee being formed.

Website - 'Living' Bibliography

- We now have 50 peer reviewed papers (May 2021) related to remote sensing of marine litter and debris.
- We also have established a dedicated Datasets Bibliography.

If you would like to view recently-published papers, just enter the current year in "Search by Keyword". You can also search using the author's last name or another key word. For papers dealing with Remote Sensing of Marine Litter and Debris use the keyword "RSMLD".

Bibliography

Search by Keyword

Browse by Letter

- A
- B
- C
- D
- G
- H
- J
- K
- M
- P
- S
- T
- V

[Reset Your Selections](#)

Acuña-Ruz, T., Uribe, D., Amézquita, L., Guzmán, C., Taylor R., Merrill, J., Martínez P., Voisin, Mattar, C. (2018). Anthropogenic marine debris over beaches: Spectral characterization for remote sensing applications. *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 217: 309-322, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2018.08.008>.

Andriolo, U., Gonçalves, G., Bessa, F., Sobral, P. (2020). Mapping marine litter on coastal dunes with unmanned aerial systems: A showcase on the Atlantic Coast. *Science of the Total Environment*, 736: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.139632>

Andriolo, U., Gonçalves, G., Sobral, P., Fontán-Bouzas, Á., Bessa, F. (2020). Beach-dune morphodynamics and marine macro-litter abundance: An integrated approach with Unmanned Aerial System. *Science of the Total Environment*, 749, 141474. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.141474>

Asamoah, B.O., Uurasjärvi, E., Rätty, J., Koistinen, A., Roussey, M., Peiponen, K.-E. (2021). Towards the development of portable and in situ optical devices for detection of micro- and nanoplastics in water: A review on the current status. *Polymers*, 13, 730. <https://doi.org/10.3390/polym13050730>

Bao, Z., Sha, J., Li, X., Hanchiso, T., and Shifaw, E. (2018). Monitoring of beach litter by automatic interpretation of unmanned aerial vehicle images using the segmentation threshold method, *Mar. Pollut. Bull.*, 137, 388-398. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2018.08.009>

Biermann, L., Clewley, D., Martínez-Vicente, V., and Topouzelis, K. (2020). Finding plastic patches in coastal waters using optical satellite data, *Sci. Rep.*, 10, 5364, <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-020-62298-z>

Chaturvedi, S., Yadav, B.P., Siddique, N.A., and Chaturvedi, S.K. (2020). Mathematical modelling and analysis of plastic waste pollution and its impact on the ocean surface, *JOES*, 5, 136-163, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.joes.2019.09.005>

Cózar, A., Aliani, S., Basurko, O.C., Arias, M., Isobe, A., Topouzelis, K., Rubio, A., and Morales-Caselles, C. (2021). Marine litter windrows: A strategic target to understand and manage the ocean plastic pollution, *Front. Mar. Sci.*, 8, 571796, <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmars.2021.571796>

Datasets – Bibliography

[Home](#) » [Datasets – Bibliography](#)

The Dataset bibliography is updated periodically when new references are submitted by readers. If you would like your dataset publication included please send the details to the IOCCG Project Scientist, [Venetia Stuart](#), using the following format:

Lastname1, Initials1., Lastname2, Initials2., etc. (Year). Full title of publication, Available online [url] from Name of Repository, DOI url

The data must meet the following requirements '**Remote sensing**' AND '**Marine Litter and debris**'

Datasets Bibliography

Acuña-Ruz, T., and Mattar B., C. (2020). Thermal infrared spectral database of marine litter debris in Archipelago of Chiloé, Chile, Available online [<https://pangaea.de/>] from PANGAEA, <https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.919536>

Garaba, S. P., Arias, M., Corradi, P., Harmel, T., de Vries, R., and Lebreton, L. (2021) Concentration, anisotropic and apparent colour effects on optical reflectance properties of virgin and ocean-harvested plastics, *J. Hazard. Mater.*, 406, 124290, *Dataset in Supplementary Material* <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2020.124290>

Garaba, S. P. and Dierssen, H. M. (2017). Spectral reference library of 11 types of virgin plastic pellets common in marine plastic debris, Available online [<https://ecosis.org/>] from the Ecological Spectral Information System (EcoSIS), <https://doi.org/10.21232/C27H34>

Garaba, S. P. and Dierssen, H. M. (2019). Spectral reflectance of washed ashore macroplastics, Available online [<https://ecosis.org/>] from the Ecological Spectral Information System (EcoSIS), <https://doi.org/10.21232/ex5j-0z25>

Garaba, S. P. and Dierssen, H. M. (2019). Spectral reflectance of dry and wet marine-harvested microplastics from Kamilo Point, Pacific Ocean, Available online [<https://ecosis.org/>] from the Ecological Spectral Information System (EcoSIS), <https://doi.org/10.21232/r7gg-yv83>

Garaba, S. P. and Dierssen, H. M. (2019). Spectral reflectance of dry marine-harvested microplastics from North Atlantic and Pacific Ocean, Available online [<https://ecosis.org/>] from the Ecological Spectral Information System (EcoSIS), <https://doi.org/10.21232/jyxq-1m66>

Knaeps, E., Strackx, G., Meire, D., Sterckx, S., Mijndonckx, J., and Moshtaghi, M. (2020). Hyperspectral reflectance of marine plastics in the VIS to SWIR. Available online [<https://data.4tu.nl/>] from 4TU.Centre for Research Data, <https://doi.org/10.4121/12896312.v2>

Website – ‘Living’ Resources

- We provide a list of online repositories and databases the community should use to make data open-access.

Online Repositories: Remote Sensing of Marine Litter and Debris



<https://data.4tu.nl/portal>

EcoSIS Ecological Spectral Information System

<https://ecosis.org/>

LITTERBASE

<https://litterbase.awi.de/>



<https://www.oceanscan.org/>



<https://www.pangaea.de/>

SeaBASS

<https://seabass.gsfc.nasa.gov/>



<https://crustal.usgs.gov/speclab/QueryAll07a.php>



<https://zenodo.org/>



SCIENTIFIC DATA

Amended: Addendum

OPEN Comment: The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship

SUBJECT CATEGORIES

- » Research data
- » Publication characteristics

Mark D. Wilkinson *et al.*[#]

Let us continue making data open-access using Ocean Best Practices and FAIR policy

<https://ioccg.org/rsml-d-online-repositories/>

Website – ‘Living’ Resources

- We have been compiling and updating list of upcoming events and projects related to the Task Force.
- Over **30 research** projects are ongoing funded by (e.g. ESA, EU, NASA, PSA).



The screenshot shows a website header with the title "News and Updates: Remote Sensing of Marine Litter and Debris Task Force" and a breadcrumb trail "Home » News and Updates: Remote Sensing of Marine Litter and Debris Task Force". Below the header is a list of navigation links, each preceded by a plus sign:

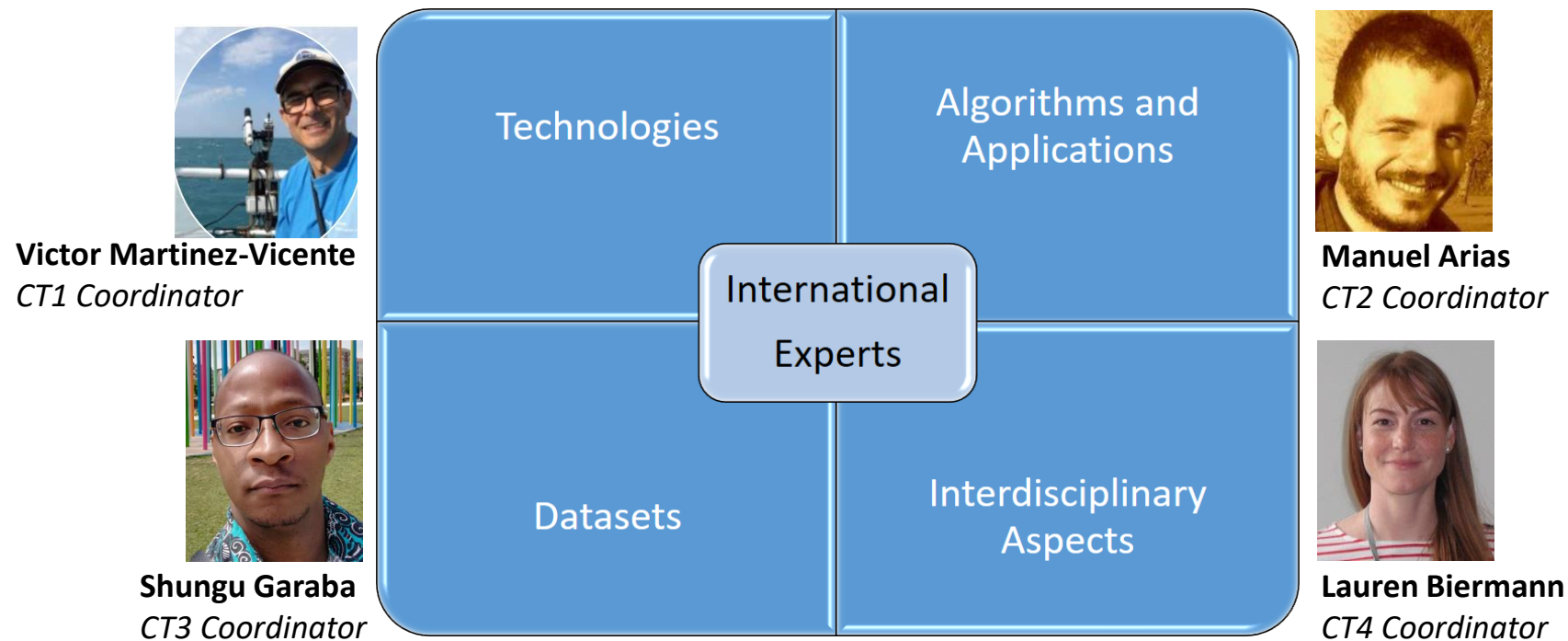
- + Upcoming Events
- + Related Research Topics (alphabetical order)
- + Call for Proposals
- + Careers/Jobs
- + Newsletter

A large blue arrow on the left side of the screenshot points from the top of the page down to the "Upcoming Events" link.

Task Force Progress

Core Topics

- Each team works independently on its Topic.
- Regular (e.g. monthly, bi-monthly) meetings are conducted and **Topic Draft Reports** are in preparation.
- Team members or invited experts present during some of the meetings.



Space Agencies and Funding Sources

- Fund more advanced works related to remote sensing of marine litter and debris.
 - New research should build on current scientific knowledge see Task Force related projects.
 - Use the Task Force knowledge base to identify research and technology gaps.
- Pushing and exploring new initiatives i.e. airborne monitoring in synergy with other technologies,
 - Promote potential real monitoring applications at regional level.
 - Boost ground-truth collection to continue with research for higher altitude remote sensing.

Operative goal from ongoing research is expected to address or reveal

We can realistically detect X (or Y if we had a sensor Z) in order to achieve W, which is needed to effectively support K – to provide a tool to policy makers and clean-up efforts.

Thank you!

Any questions?

