Benthic Reflectance IOCCG Report (150 p. report)

PART 1 – Introducing the Problem (Heidi, Arnold)

Preface (Dierssen)

- i. Purpose
- ii. Who should read this report?
- iii. How to read this report
- 1. What is Benthic Reflectance? (Dierssen)
 - 1.1 What is Benthic Reflectance?
 - i. Historical perspective
 - 1.2 Why Benthic Reflectance?
 - 1.2.1 Importance for Remote Sensing (Barnes)
 - 1.2.2 Other applications for benthic reflectance (Hestir)
 - 1.2.3 Coral watch/coral health chart/citizen science (Chris)
 - 1.3 Acronyms and jargon
- 2. Overview of theory (George)
 - 2.1 Physics of Bottom Reflectance (George)
 - 2.2 Radiative transfer of optically shallow water (Peter)

PART 2 – Overview of instrumentation and methods (Dick)

- 3. Overview of instrumentation and platforms (Dick)
 - 3.1 Instrumentation
 - 3.1.1 Hardware constraints: diffraction grating, slit size (Eric)
 - 3.1.2 Integration times
 - 3.1.3 Point Spectrometer vs. Imaging Spectrometer (Peter)
 - 3.2 Platforms
 - 3.3 Lighting considerations (Eric, Ved)
 - 3.2.1 Natural light
 - 3.2.2 Artificial light
 - 3.2.2.1 Artificial only
 - 3.2.2.2 Artificial plus natural light
 - 3.2.3 Shading effects
 - 3.2.4 Damage from lighting
 - 3.4 Wavelength considerations (Peter, Julian)
 - 3.4.1 Spectral sampling vs. Spectra resolution (Natascha)
 - 3.4.2 Spectral ranges needed
 - 3.5 Radiometric considerations (Peter, Natascha, Eric) Integration times, signal to Noise considerations based on habitat and measurement distance, calibration considerations – making a good "picture"
 - 3.6 Geometric considerations (Peter, John, Natascha, Jaime) Field of view, BRDF, Glint, Self shading,
 - 3.7 Uncertainty in instrument and platform (brief summary) (Peter and Geir)
 - 3.7.1 Sensor calibration (stray light, nonlinearity, etc..)
 - 3.7.2 Platform Positioning (GPS underwater)

- 4 Documentation and metadata (Arnold)
 - 4.1 Data formats and Identification
 - 4.2 Standardized metadata required
 - 4.3 Environmental Field Template

4.3.1 Minimum

- 4.3.2 Ideal
- 4.4 Database templates in appendix
- 5 Overview of measurement (Arnold, Dick, Chris)
 - 5.1 Measuring the incident light (Brandon, Arnold)
 - 5.1.1 Direct measurements (diffuser)
 - 5.1.2 Plaques (Brandon)
 - 5.2 Measuring the reflected light
 - 5.3 Proximal to target in water (Julien add hydrolight)
 - 5.4 Proximal to target in air
 - 5.5 Distant from target in water (Eric, Geir, Julien add hydrolight)
 - 5.5.1 Slit spectrometer
 - 5.5.2 Hyperspectral camera
 - 5.6 Inelastic processes (fluorescence, raman) (John)
 - 5.7 Sample preparation
 - 5.7.1 Rinsing, drying, scraping, centrifugation, sorting for age class, layering, phenotype (age class)
 - 5.7.2 Sampling container/background
 - 5.8 Auxiliary measurements
 - 5.8.1 Photographs
 - 5.8.2 Key environmental variables
 - 5.9 Uncertainty related to natural and geometric variability
- 6 Overview of processing (Eric)
 - 6.1 Calculation of R
 - 6.2 Smoothing
 - 6.3 Resampling
 - 6.4 QA/QC
- 7 Spectral databases (Arnold)
 - 7.1 SeaBASS templates (CMECS) (Heidi, Brandon
 - 7.2 Specchio
 - 7.3 Ecosis (Townsend)
 - 7.4 Other general: Pangea/(BCO/DMO0

PART 3 – Examples of Benthic Reflectance (Tiit, Chris)

- 8 Benthic Reflectance by Scale (Steve and Dick leads)
 - 8.1 Microscale (um-scale)
 - 8.2 Point (cm-scale)
 - 8.3 Organism
 - 8.4 Canopy
 - 8.5 Aquascape

- 9 Benthic Reflectance by Habitat (Chris)
 - 9.1 Sediment
 - 9.1.1 Intertidal (mud flats) (Jaime)
 - 9.1.2 Submerged mud
 - 9.1.3 Submerged sand
 - 9.1.4 Algal films and mats (Stuart and Chris)
 - 9.2 Coral habitats (Eric)
 - 9.2.1 Shallow "
 - 9.2.2 Intermediate
 - 9.2.3 Deep sea (Geir)
 - 9.3 Minerals and rubble
 - 9.3.1 Shallow (Eric)
 - 9.3.2 Deep sea (Geir)
 - 9.4 Submerged aquatic vegetation (aquatic vascular plants includes inland)
 - 9.4.1 Seagrass (Dick)
 - 9.4.2 Freshwater vascular plants (Erin)
 - 9.5 Macroalgae (Tiit, Natascha, Eric, and Dick, Gema)
 - 9.5.1 Brown algae (Phaeophyceae) (Dick, Kelp)
 - 9.5.2 Green algae (Chlorophyta)
 - 9.5.3 Red algae (Rhodophyta)
 - 9.6 Detritus, wrack, and debris (Arnold, Tiit)

9.6.1 benthic drifting mats of detrital matter: broken seagrass, macroalgae (Tiit)

- 9.7 Shadows (John)
- 9.8 Others
 - 9.8.1 Benthic invertebrates (Geir)
 - 9.8.2 Sponges (Tiit, Arnold)
 - 9.8.3 Melt ponds (Natascha, Julien, Peter)
 - 9.8.4 Deep water soft habitats (Geir)

PART 4 – Environmental Influences on Measurements (Heidi)

- 10 Measurement artifacts and guidance to minimize (Summarizing published studies)
 - 10.1 Glint and hot-spot effects (John, Ved)
 - 10.2 Air-sea Interface and Caustics (Ved)
 - 10.3 Turbidity impacts

10.3.1 When is it too high to approximate R_B

- 10.4 Plaque usage above and underwater (bubbles form underwater, etc..)
- 10.5 Self-Shading of measurement
- 10.6 Fluorescence
- 10.7 Interaction with seafloor (creating plumes that interfere with measurement) 😌

PART 5 – Applications using Benthic Reflectance (Erin)

- 11 Remote sensing and mapping of benthos (Natascha, Eric, Dick, Peter, Barnes)
 - 11.1 Influence on Water Surface Reflectance
 - 11.1.1 Separating optically shallow and optically deep pixels (Arnold)
 - 11.1.2 Issues with dark seafloor (darker than optically deep) (Charles)
 - 11.2 Use of "ideal" endmember in a model
 - 11.2.1 pores, shadows, detritus, films, etc.. -
 - 11.2.2 spectral dependence
 - 11.2.3 Impact of "ideal" on inversion models
 - 11.2.3.1 bathymetry
 - 11.2.3.2 water-column IOPS e.g., particulate backscattering (TSM)retrievals
 - 11.3 3-Dimensionality of corals (John, Karen)
 - 11.3.1 Shading and Solar Zenith Angle and Shading Influences
 - 11.4 Representing BRDF (John and Jaime)
 - 11.4.1 When is it important and when is it not.
 - 11.5 Scaling up from point to pixel
- 12 Ecology (Dick, Eric and Geir)
 - 12.1 Organisms
 - 12.2 Communities
 - 12.3 Biodiversity
 - 12.4 Ecosystem function (biogeochemistry, primary production)
 - 12.5 Biogeography (includes Migration)
- 13 Ecosystem Services (Goods) (Erin)
 - 13.1 Carbon sequestration (Natascha)
 - 13.2 Shoreline protection
 - 13.3 Fisheries
- 14 Global change (Natascha)
 - 14.1 Loss of Biodiversity
 - 14.2 Habitat degradation
 - 14.3 Climate impacts
 - 14.4 Other (Eutrophication)
- 15 Marine Geology and Archeology (Geir)
 - 15.1 Detection of abiotic objects and structures
 - 15.2 Minerology

PART 6 –Looking Forward

- 16 Emerging Technology (Steve)
 - 16.1 Platforms
 - 16.1.1 Submersibles (Geir and Erin has a colleague in lakes)
 - 16.1.2 Surface vehicles (Steve, Peter and Tiit)
 - 16.1.3 Airborne Vehicles and Drones (Karen and Ved)

- 16.1.4 High resolution satellites (maybe move to remote sensing)
- 16.2 Sensors and methods
 - 16.2.1 Fluid Lensing (Ved)
 - 16.2.2 Sensor technology (Smaller cheaper easier)
- 16.3 Data fusion
 - 16.3.1 Lidar (Ved, Natascha)
 - 16.3.2 Sonar (Natascha)
 - 16.3.3 Data assimilation and modeling
- 17 Gaps and Future outlook (Heidi)
 - 17.1 Scaling reflectance from point to aquascape
 - 17.2 Polarization of benthos
 - 17.3 Physiology
 - 17.4 Big data Pattern recognition , use of AI (artificial intelligence), ML (Machine Learning) and Deep Learning to handle hyperspectral data

Table of Abbreviations and Mathematical notations

Appendices

Appendix with metadata